



SPECIFICATIONS

Solids-Handling Pumps

K4RH

1.0 SCOPE

- 1.1. This specification details the mechanical and electrical requirements for squirrel-cage, induction motors, both single and poly-phase, designed for wet well submersible pump applications in water and sewage.
- 1.2. The intent of this specification is to define submersible premium quality pumps which will provide efficient operation with high mechanical integrity under adverse operating conditions for maximum life and minimum life cycle costs.
- 1.3. This specification covers sewage wet well applications defined by the National Electrical Code (NEC[®]) as class 1, Division 1, hazardous locations section 501-8(a) requiring explosion-proof construction.

2.0 SUBMERSIBLE MOTOR CONSTRUCTION

- 2.1. All castings in the stator housing construction shall be ASTM A48 Gray Cast Iron Class 35.
- 2.2. The submersible motor stator and rotor shall be of an induction type, NEMA[®] B (Three-Phase) or NEMA[®] L (Single-Phase) squirrel cage design.
- 2.3. The stator is to be slip-fit in watertight oil-filled, TENV chamber to provide the maximum heat dissipation.
- 2.4. The armature assembly of the motor must meet or exceed the balance specification as defined in ISO 1940 G2.5.
- 2.5. Stator housing shall be filled with clean, high dielectric oil that lubricates bearings and seals, transferring heat from windings and rotor to the outer cast housing. Proprietary Keen oil ensures industry-low operating temperatures.
- 2.6. Submersible motor design:
 - 2.6.1. _____ Horsepower
 - 2.6.2. _____ RPM
 - 2.6.3. _____ Voltage
 - 2.6.4. _____ Phase
 - 2.6.5. _____ Frequency
 - 2.6.6. 1.20 Service Factor
- 2.7. Insulation system of the submersible motor design shall be of Class F as defined in NEMA[®] MG-1 and established in accordance with IEEE[®] std. 1 rated for 311° F (155° C). To include:
 - 2.7.1. The stator windings shall be constructed of material to meet the Class F insulation system.
 - 2.7.2. The insulation varnish in the system must be applied in a dip and bake manner.
 - 2.7.3. Stator lead material must meet or exceed Class F insulation system.
 - 2.7.4. Thermal limiting device shall be designed, secured to the stator and constructed to meet the Class F insulation system.
 - 2.7.4.1. The thermal limiting devices shall be attached to each phase winding.
 - 2.7.4.2. The thermal limiting devices shall be used in conjunction with and supplemental to external motor overload protection and must be connected to the motor control center.
- 2.8. Operation of the motor shall be designed for:
 - 2.8.1. Intermittent duty handling pumped media of 140° F (60° C) ambient and shall not exceed NEMA[®] Class B operating temperature rise of 176° F (80° C).
 - 2.8.2. Capable of 15 evenly spaced starts per hour.
 - 2.8.3. A combined service factor, in combination with effect of voltage, frequency and specific gravity, shall be at a minimum of 1.20.
 - 2.8.3.1. Acceptable voltage variation is +/- 10%.
 - 2.8.3.2. Acceptable frequency variation is +/- 5%.



- 2.8.3.3. Voltage unbalance must not exceed 1% as defined per NEMA M6-12.45.
- 2.8.3.4. Current unbalance must not exceed 5%.
- 2.8.4. The horsepower of the motor shall be adequately designed to be non-overloading across the entire pump performance curve, to include pump shut-off and pump run-out.
- 2.9. All bolted connections in the submersible motor construction shall be:
 - 2.9.1. Secured with 304 stainless steel fasteners.
 - 2.9.2. Secured joints in the construction shall be compression fitted with nitrile o-rings.
- 2.10. The submersible motor and pump must be designed, constructed and assembled by the same manufacturer.

3.0 SUBMERSIBLE MOTOR CORD ENTRY CONSTRUCTION

- 3.1. The cord entry housing shall be ASTM[®] A48 Gray Cast Iron Class 35.
- 3.2. Power and control cables shall be secured and sealed to the submersible motor. Construction shall be of a method to provide anti-wicking barriers to the submersible motor.
 - 3.2.1. The outer jacket of the power and control cables shall be sealed with an agency-approved, watertight strain relief cord grip fitted with a nitrile compression grommet.
 - 3.2.2. The connections between the power cable and the stator leads and control cable and the internal motor control leads shall be potted and encapsulated in a two-part epoxy in the cord entry system.
- 3.3. All bolted connections in the cord entry construction shall be:
 - 3.3.1. Secured with 304 stainless steel fasteners.
 - 3.3.2. Secured joints in the construction shall be compression fitted with nitrile o-rings.
- 3.4. The power and control cables shall be recognized by Underwriters Laboratory[®] (UL) & Canadian Standard Association[®] (CSA) and will be delivered in a standard length of 40 foot.
- 3.5. The cord entry housing shall be fitted with a stainless steel lifting bale sized and of adequate design to securely lift the complete construction of the submersible pump.
- 3.6. The power and control cables shall be jacketed in a material suitable for submersion, oil resistant, and be flexible for portable installation.
- 3.7. Cable sizing shall be in accordance to NEC[®] specifications.

4.0 MECHANICAL SEALS

- 4.1. Each pump shall be constructed with a tandem mechanical shaft seal system incorporating two independent shaft seal assemblies.
- 4.2. Seals shall operate in a lubricant reservoir that hydro-dynamically lubricates the seal faces at a constant rate.
- 4.3. Inboard and outboard seal construction shall be of the following material:
 - 4.3.1. Primary stationary ring shall be constructed of silicon carbide face material.
 - 4.3.2. Primary rotating ring shall be constructed of silicon carbide face material.
 - 4.3.3. Elastomers shall be constructed of Viton[®].
 - 4.3.4. Metal components shall be constructed of stainless steel for corrosion resistance.
- 4.4. The inboard seal shall be hydro-dynamically lubricated and operated in a sealed oil reservoir.
- 4.5. The inboard seal chamber seal shall be designed and constructed to prevent lubricant over filling and provide adequate lubricant expansion to avoid over-pressuring of the seal.
- 4.6. The pump shall be capable of operating in the clockwise or counter clockwise direction without damaging the seal faces.
- 4.7. The pump shall be capable of operating in a dry environment without damage to the seal faces.



5.0 PUMP BEARINGS

- 5.1. Bearings shall be designed to an ABEC[®] System 1 or better.
- 5.2. Each pump shall be constructed with a three-bearing design.
 - 5.2.1. The upper bearing shall be a Conrad type, single row, deep groove ball bearing designed to adequately handle the required radial loads.
 - 5.2.2. The lower bearing shall be a Conrad type, single row, deep groove ball bearing designed to adequately compensate for the axial loads and radial forces.
 - 5.2.3. An additional sleeve bearing shall be constructed of SAE 841 material and is mounted directly above the lower seal to take radial loads and act as flame path for seal chamber.
- 5.3. The bearings shall be designed to deliver a minimum B-10 bearing life of 50,000 hours when operation is within the limitations of the manufacturer's performance curve.

6.0 PUMP SHAFT

- 6.1. The pump shaft shall be an extension of the motor shaft. Any other construction that would include coupling of two shafts is not acceptable.
- 6.2. The pump shaft shall be a Ferritic grade AISI[®] Type 400 series stainless steel.
 - 6.2.1. Pump shaft material crystal structure shall be body centered cubic (bcc).
 - 6.2.2. Pump shaft shall be of a ferromagnetic material.

7.0 IMPELLER

- 7.1. Material shall be ASTM[®] A536 ductile cast iron. ASTM[®] A48 gray cast iron shall be unacceptable.
- 7.2. The design shall be one-piece, 10-vane (3450), vortex flow and dynamically balanced to ISO 1940 G6.3.
- 7.3. The impeller shall be designed with pump out vanes on the back shroud of the pump impeller to prevent the pump media from entering the outboard seal cavity.
- 7.4. The impeller shall be keyed to the pump shaft and retained with a bolt and washer.
 - 7.4.1. All wetted fasteners shall be of a corrosion restraint stainless steel material.
- 7.5. The mass moment of inertia calculations shall be provided by the pump manufacturer upon request.

8.0 VOLUTE CASE

- 8.1. Material shall be ASTM[®] A48 class 35, gray cast iron.
- 8.2. Design shall be a single piece and a modified constant velocity.
- 8.3. Constructed of smooth passage ways large enough any solid that can enter the impeller.
- 8.4. The discharge is to be of a centerline discharge configuration.
- 8.5. The discharge is to be 4" ANSI[®] standard Class 125, 8-bolt configuration.